(XXXVIIIth YEAR.) THE (No. 1891.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 10, 1783.

LONDON, *December 9.*

SUPPOSING the war to be wound up so soon as the fifth day of January, the national debt will amount to the very alarming extent of 250 millions sterling.

The ensuing Christmas recess is expected to be a long one, in order to give our ministers full breathing time to adjust preliminaries for peace.

England never was, since the beginning of the war, in such a critical state as she finds herself in at present; she is neither at war nor peace; the business of commerce is at a stand; the merchants know not to what ports they may send their merchandise, or what premium to offer for insurance; nor do the under-writers know what premium they should demand; hence it is that the business of insuring ships and cargoes, so necessary to trade, is completely at a stand, though a fleet is expected soon from Jamaica.

Saturday about one o'clock, a messenger arrived from France. By this channel we learn, that a naval officer arrived in Paris on the second, who came home in a sloop of war from the East-Indies, and was landed at a distant port.

The accounts he brings are, that, after the last battle with Sir Edward Hughes and the French fleet, de Suffrein did not go to Columbo, (which is on the west side of the island of Ceylon) as had been conjectured, but bore away for Porto Nova, a port belonging to Hyder Ally, on the coast of Coromandal, between Pondicherry and Negapatam, where they landed their troops, to the amount of 2400 men, officers included, a variety of tent equipage, artillery and military stores. This port being very small and inconvenient for large ships, they left it on the 16th of June, and proceeded to Tranquebar, a Danish settlement of the same coast, where one of their ships of 74 guns had run in before, in order to prevent her sinking.

Commodore Suffrein directly went on shore, where he was received most politely by the Danish governor, the count de Sirelont, who informed him, that he had it in command from home, not to permit any operations in his master's port, which might be construed by the court of London, with which the Danish king is in the closest alliance, to be a breach of neutrality: after having received some refreshments he must depart, since such a force could not be entertained, much less refitted there.

De Suffrein on this went on board the Vengeur, which bore his flag, and held a naval council. What the purport was is not known: but it is certain he had not left Tranquebar on the 21st of June, which is the date of his letter to the court of France.

News was received at Tranquebar that two ships of 74, and one of 64 guns, with a cutter armed en flute, arrived at Columbo the 26th of May. It is probable these were the ships that were taken by one of admiral Hughes's cruisers, for the French fleet which the admiral had engaged.

The cattle which were intercepted by Hyder Ally, going from Madrass to Sir Eyre Coote, will be of infinite service to draw his heavy artillery; they are of no use in the way of subsistence; Hyder's army being composed of persons whose religion prevents their eating animal food; they subsist wholly on vegetables, nor do they use wine or other cordials, but in case of sickness; though it has often appeared they have shammed illness, to procure a sup of the all potent libation from Bacchus's cup.

A correspondent observes, that it was very singular that no person in either house of parliament paid the least compliment to Sir Edward Hughes, or even mentioned his name; when it is well known a more brave and bloody action has not been fought since the days of Charles IId.

Dec. 10. The politics of the present premier are all of a peace, and every part of the system sufficiently indicates the spirit and tendency of the whole. From the first moment of his assuming the presidency of the treasury, every possible exertion has been made, and every little manœuvre adopted to impress the public with the conviction of his deriving all his political knowledge and principles, from the late earl of Chatham. The popularity of this illustrious name, is the bladder that has hitherto buoyed him up. To this interested idea the son of his immortal master owes his present elevation. In his apprehension the very name of Pitt will cement the most heterogeneous arrangement that ever constituted an English ministry. In short, in all matters that require cunning and finesse, Malagrida will always be distinguished; for if he has any forte at all, it is hypocrisy; and if ever there was an hypocrite, he is one.

It is very remarkable that the bench of bishops have observed a perfect taciturnity on the present prospect of peace. While war was the topic, their reverences blew the long trumpet of Moses as loudly as if they had been under the walls of Jerico; but the independence of America deprives them of a land of promise, Philadelphia is no longer considered as a new Jerusalem. No hierarchy. No episcopacy to be established there.

Dec. 21. Of all people under the sun, the American loyalists most loudly challenge our compassion; their property confiscated, and poverty entailed upon their posterity, they must become the wretched dependants for subsistance upon the bounty of the very people by whom they have been deserted.

Dec. 14. Instructions are sent out by the Swallow sloop to America, and the West-Indies, very particularly addressed to the commanders, naval and military, on those stations. As far as can be collected in matters where such extreme secrecy is used, we only hear that in the military line hostilities are to cease entirely. In the naval department, war is also to cease as far as respects commerce, in which America is only affected; but the king's cruisers are still to blockade the American harbours, where no ships that are not really American (the neutrals excepted) are to be permitted to trade. And in order that the French, Dutch, or Spaniards, may by no means receive a benefit to the detriment of this country during the war, all ships whatever are to be considered as lawful capture if taken going into the harbours of either of those powers, laden with provisions, stores, ammunition, timber, &c. of any kind whatever.

A letter from Cadiz says, that a fleet of ships is ordered to be got ready to scour the Mediterranean of the Barbary corsairs; they have taken several Spanish transports during the siege of Gibraltar. They are to cruise off the Barbary coast so long as the weather will permit them to keep the sea.

Extract of a letter from Flushing, November 20.

"The fleet are laid up here for the winter; it consists of 11 men of war; as many more are at Helvoetsluys, many of them of the line."

Jan. 11. Yesterday some dispatches were received from general Elliot, governor of Gibraltar, which are brought down so low as the 27th of last month, when every thing remained quiet, and they were busily employed in repairing the damages sustained by the last attack on that fortress.

Jan. 14. The emperor of Germany by a late edict, has in a manner put a stop to the frequent practice at Ostend of neutralising ships manifestly belonging to others than the subjects of the empire. The edict enacts, that the sole and whole property of the ships sailing under the imperial flag, shall be owned by the resident subjects of Germany, and not as heretofore, nominally owned by merchants at Ostend, for the Americans, the Dutch, or other trading powers. In this latter way there were above 1300 vessels belonging to Ostend on the first day of this year, although not one of them were the property of Germany.

SALEM, *February 27.*

We have the pleasure to hear, by the vessels lately arrived from the West-Indies, that the privateer ship Porus, mounting 22 nine pounders, belonging to this port, and commanded by captain Crowell, arrived at Martinico about the 12th of last month. This ship, not being heard of for upwards of five months after her sailing, was thought to be lost.

The Porus has captured and carried into Martinico with her, a ship of about 350 tons, called the Friend's Glory, bound from the Isle of Wight to New York. Her cargo consists of provisions, the principal part flour and peas.

March 6. Since our last, the captains Orne, Hodges, and Dennis, have arrived here from Hispaniola. They sailed from the Ocoys on the 3d ult.

A Jamaica paper, of January 15, brought by captain Orne, mentions the arrival, at that island, of the British frigates Emerald and Endymion, and Hornet sloop of war, with about 42 sail of vessels under their protection, having on board a great number of the inhabitants of Charles-town, with their negroes, &c. as also the 3d, 63d, 64th, and 72d regiments, and a part of the 84th.

BOSTON, *March 6.*

Head Quarters, Newburgh, February 6, 1783.

THE commander in chief, who wishes upon this return of this auspicious day *, to diffuse the feelings of gratitude and pleasure as extensively as possible, is pleased to grant a full and free pardon to all prisoners now in confinement: any non-commissioned officer or private who may come under this predicament, are ordered to be released without delay, and join their respective regimetns: the general flatters himself, this act of grace will have a proper influence on the future conduct of those immediately concerned, and that well timed instances of lenity will operate on generous minds, more effectually towards establishing a proper system of discipline (which he has determined shall be invariably maintained) than the severest examples could have done.

March 8. Wednesday last arrived in port the ship Antwerp, captain Dethon, in 41 days from Amsterdam, Holland.

A packet, enclosed in a neat brass case, came in captain Dethon, superscribed to the president of the honourable the congress at Philadelphia; but no letters or papers, are yet handed to any public or private characters in this town, from which we are able to gather any thing conclusive for the gratification of our readers this evening.

March 15. Thursday arrived here the state sloop Winthrop, captain Little, from a cruise, during which she captured two prizes, viz. a brig and schooner, laden with lumber, both which she carried into St. Kitts, and sold.

Yesterday captain Pool, in the ship Fox, arrived in port, in 23 day from Port-au-Prince, by whom we learn, that captain Thomas Powars, in the brig General Washington, had arrived at that island, in a passage of 32 days from this port.

Two prizes have been taken and carried into Providence, within the week past; one a retaken brig, from Cadiz, with fruit, raisins, oil, &c. &c. the other a vessel from New-York, with but a small cargo.

Extract of a letter from Amsterdam, December 31, 1782.

"Europe never appeared so hostile as at present, the exertions of the contending powers are great, and if the war is determined on, human nature will shudder at the tale which will be told before the close of another year."

March 20. An address to lord Shelburne, printed in the London courant, the 18th of last December, closes with the following striking passages:

"The last point I have in view, my lord, is to say a few words upon that part of the king's speech, and especially upon your lordship's comment upon that part which appeals to the feelings of America. The speech says, 'religion, language, interest, affections, may, and I hope will yet prove a bond of permanent union between the two countries.' My lord, nothing but conviction that this speech is the speech of the minister, can prevent the universal contempt of all America from falling down upon the royal speaker himself. You appeal to the feelings of America! You, the leader and principal author of all their calamities!

"Who was it that tore open the wounds which were healed by repealing the stamp-act? Lord Shelburne. Who was it that passed the New-York restraining bill? Lord Shelburne. Who was it that passed the tea or tax act? Lord Shelburne. Who was it that insulted the pride, and roused the feelings of America, by his dispatches to the governor of Massachusetts-Bay? Lord Shelburne. Who was it, after a seven years cruel and calamitous war, which deluged the fields of America with the blood of her children, and spread desolation, famine, and the worst of miseries, throughout her vast continent; that said, "America could have no peace until it was writ in blood, and that the minister who gave her independence must be a traitor?" Lord Shelburne.

"And yet, my lord, you appeal to the feelings of America. What opinion must the people of that country entertain of the prince who suffered himself, without possibility of benefit, to appeal to their feelings. Had you determined to draw the marked contempt of all America upon your sovereign and yourself, I do not see how you could have done it with more effect, than by the steps you have taken."

We hear from Newbury-Port, that last Thursday morning about five o'clock, a fire was discovered in the printing-office of Mr. John Mycall of that town, which entirely consumed the same.

NEW-YORK, *March 26.*

Extract of a letter from Tortola, dated March 7, 1783.

"The Duc de Bourgougne, of 74 or 80 guns, is lost at Port Cavallos, on the coast of Caracca, on the main, and about S. S. E. from Curaccoa, forty or fifty miles: two hundred men were saved, eight hundred perished in her; it was on the lee reef, at the entrance of the harbour: this I assert as a fact. There remains seven sail of the line there, three at Curaccoa, and three frigates, all under the count de Vaudreuil, and all in very so, so, order; they cannot be ready to leave that place until about this time. There are eighteen transports with troops with them. God grant lord Hood may meet with them, but he is down at Jamaica. A gentleman of merit and truth, is my author for the above, who was their prisoner, and left them only eighteen days ago.

"The Argo, of 44 guns, or rather 32, and 400 men, was taken by the Nymph and Amphitrite, two French frigates of 40 and 32 guns, after a running fight of five hours, it blowing fresh, with a high sea, and unable to use her lower deckers; and losing her top-mast, occasioned this unfortunate capture; but the gallant Saxon, in the Invincible, falling in with the Monsieurs 36 hours afterwards, retook her in five minutes time, with our general (Shirley), two lieutenants, and two hundred and fifty Englishmen on board, and brought her safe into Spanish-town.

PHILADELPHIA, *March 29.*

The Alliance frigate, captain Barry, is arrived at Newport, in Rhode Island, from the Havanna, which she left in company with the ship Duke de Lauzun, lately arrived here. On the 19th inst. (three days after they left Havanna) they fell in with three British frigates, with whom they had an action, in which the Alliance lost 12 men killed, &c. but we have no particulars of this affair. Captain Barry was chased on our coast by two frigates.

We hear that the United States in congress assembled, have been pleased to promote that gallant and meritorious officer, colonel Armand, to the rank of a brigadier-general in the American army.

April 1. We hear that in consequence of information communicated to general Carleton and admiral Digby, of the agreeable news of peace, lately received here, advices were on Saturday night brought to this city from those commanders, intimating, that as they had not yet received official accounts of that important event, they could not act upon the information then communicated.

* *The alliance with France.*

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-office, Annapolis, which if not taken up before the fifth day of July next, will be sent to the general post-office as dead letters.

JOHN ARMSTRONG, St. Mary's county; William Allein, Lower Marlborough; Philemon Acouent, on Chester-bay.

John Brown, Piscataway; Fielder Bowie, Prince-George's county; rev. Richard Brown, Charles county.

John Craggs, London-town; Thomas Caulfice, eastern shore, Virginia; Louisa Coomes, John Craig, Port-Tobacco; Dr. John Chapman (2), Charles county; James Cneston (3), Tulip-hill; captain William Campbell, Joseph Court, Samuel Chase (2), Annapolis.

Theodore Dent, Charles county; Mrs. Walter Dulany, John Davidson, Samuel Davidson (2), major John Davidson, Annapolis.

Athanasius Ford, St. Mary's county; Samuel B. Fox, Queen-Anne's county; Hugh Ferry, Little Choptank.

Elizabeth Gordon, Chester-town; captain John Gassaway, Anne Gariten, Mr. Gassaway, captain Samuel Godman, Annapolis.

Francis Hawkins, Charles county; Dr. Thomas Hamilton, Prince-George's county; Dr. Leonard Hollyday, Patuxent river; Mary Hesselius (2), near Annapolis; Robert H. Harrison, Maryland.

Crthanne Jerningham, Charles county; Jasper Mackson, Prince-George's county; Rinaldo Johnson (2), Aquasco; Ezekiel Jacob, Queen-Anne.

Charles Leacompt, Caroline county; Cornelia Lansdale, Maryland; Samuel Lane (3), Pig-point.

Robert Mundull, Port-Tobacco; captain Jonathan Morgan, Benjamin Mackall, Calvert county; James M'Henry, Gilbert Middleton, captain John Mitchell, Annapolis.

Bennett Neale, St. Mary's county; Anne Neale, Port-Tobacco.

Lieutenant Richard O'Bryan, Annapolis.

James Pearce, jun. Prince-George's county; captain Andrew Paton; John Plomer, John Plumber, near Annapolis.

Rachel Riston, Prince George's county; Rachel Riley, George-town, eastern shore; Alexander Runsberg, Annapolis.

Sheriff of Prince-George's county; Mrs. C. Slye, near Port-Tobacco; James Stone, Lower Marlborough; Stephen Steward (2), West river; rev. Benjamin Sebastain, John Somervell, St. Mary's county.

Philip Thomas, jun. (3), West river; Thomas Tucker, Anne-Arundel county.

Henry Woodcock, John Willis, Annapolis.

Edward Yard, Annapolis.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

March 26, 1783.

On Thursday the 24th day of April next, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be exposed to sale, on the premises, for cash or ready tobacco,

A LEASE for the life of one person, of the noted valuable plantation, being situated on Patuxent river, on the lower side of Leonard's-creek, whereon Mr. George Wheeler, late of Calvert county, deceased, lived. The person whose life-time the lease is held for, is said to possess a strong constitution and very likely to live to a great age. There are on the premises a good dwelling house almost new, with two rooms on a floor, two brick fire places, a kitchen, quarters, tobacco houses, corn house, and meat house, the plantation in pretty good repair, and some grain sowed; title and terms will be made known on the day of sale. Also will be sold on the same day, the stock of all kinds that belonged to the said deceased, the houshold and kitchen furniture, the corn and meat, tobacco, and plantation utensils, &c. All persons having claims against the said estate are desired to bring them in that day, properly adjusted, as they may be settled, and all those indebted to the said estate, are desired to make payment on the same day to prevent trouble to themselves and the subscriber, who lives too remote from the place to give any farther attendance for that purpose.

C. WHEELER, administrator.

April 7, 1783.

To be sold to the highest bidder, on the first Saturday in May next, at the late dwelling plantation of John Watkins, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased,

SUNDRY negroes of different ages and sexes, some of which will be sold for ready cash, or short credit, and the rest will be sold on two years credit, on giving bond and approved security. The bonds to be taken before the purchasers take the negroes away, if required, by

JOHN WATKINS,
BENJAMIN WATKINS, } executors.

March 22, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends to apply to the legislature of this state, at their next session of assembly, for an order to divide the lands of the late Notley Warren, lying on Wiccomico river, in Charles county, among his several daughters, or their representatives, agreeable to their said father's will, there being occasion for it, and some of the girls being considerably under age.

ROBERT ROGERS.

TAKEN up as a stray, by Joseph Hobbs, son of Thomas, living on the upper part of Elk-Ridge, a dark roan mare, about four years old, neither docked nor branded, some small white hairs in her forehead, 14½ hands high, [illegible] The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges.

TAKEN up as a stray by James Wilson, a black gelding, thirteen and a half hands high, very poor, appears to be old, no perceivable brand, his two hind and one fore foot white, a star in his forehead, and a snip on his nose. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

ROEBUCK,

A beautiful blooded horse, fifteen hands high, very strong made and active,

WILL cover mares at Mr. William Thomas's plantation, near Annapolis, at four dollars a mare, and half a crown to the boy attending, the money to be brought with the mare. Good pasturage at half a dollar per week, but not accountable for escapes or other accidents.

J. Thomas jun.

April 3, 1783.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Prince-George's county, on Patuxent river, near the Governor's-bridge, two negro fellows, namely, SANDY and BASIL. Sandy went away about the last of January, is a stout, strong, well made fellow, between 30 and 40 years old, of a yellowish complexion, is very pert, and stammers in his speech, his dress is a country cloth jacket and breeches, cotton and linen shirt, country made shoes and stockings. Basil went away about the last of February, is a middle sized fellow, about 50 years old, one of his legs smaller than the other, his dress the same of Sandy's. Whoever secures the said negroes and delivers them to the subscriber, shall receive three pounds reward, besides what the law allows, or thirty shillings for either, paid by

BENJAMIN HALL, of Benjamin.

ANNAPOLIS RACES.

To be run for, over the course near this city, on Wednesday the 23d day of April,

A PURSE of SEVENTY-FIVE POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding; heats four miles each; four years old to carry seven stone, five years old seven stone twelve pounds, six years old eight stone seven pounds; and aged nine stone.

On Thursday the 24th,

A PURSE of FORTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, four years old or under; heats two miles each; three years old to carry a feather, and four years old seven stone; the winning horse the first day to be excluded from starting the second.

Any horse winning two clear heats shall be entitled to the purse. The horses to start each day at eleven o'clock. Three horses to start each day or no race.

Entrance for the first day three pounds, for the second thirty five shillings.

The horses to be entered with Mr. George Mann the Tuesday preceding the race, or pay double entrance at the post.

Proper judges will be appointed for the race.

N. B. No person will be permitted to encumber the course with booths without leave from the clerk of the course.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly for the state of Maryland, praying that a law may pass to prevent the putting down hedges or weirs adjoining the town of Bladensburg, in Prince-George's county.

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, Feb. 4, 1783.

Pursuant to an act of the general assembly of the state of Maryland, will be sold at public auction, on the 14th day of April next, at the town of Vienna,

SEVERAL thousand acres of fertile lands, beautifully situated on the river Nanticoke, generally known by the name of the Indian Lands (it having been granted to a tribe now extinct). It will be surveyed and laid off into convenient farms, and proper persons will attend on the premises for several days before the sale, to shew the different lots to any person who may incline to purchase. One third of the purchase money to be paid in thirty days; another third in two years, and the remaining third in three years; bond and security will be required.

On the day of sale, at the same time and place, and on the same terms, will be sold, a number of valuable slaves; consisting of men, women, and children; late the property of Alexander Hamilton.

By order, J. DORSEY, clk.

To be sold on Tuesday the 15th of April, if fair, if not the next fair day, at Newington rope-walk,

A NUMBER of valuable negroes, viz. rope-makers and plantation men; the utensils belonging to the rope-walk; a chariot, sulkey, large scales and weights, such as are made use of in warehouses, and a few articles of houshold furniture. Twelve months credit will be given upon bond and security.

MARY M'CULLOCH, executrix,
CHARLES STEUART,
JAMES M'CULLOCH, } executors,
of James Dick, deceased.

Dorchester county, March 15, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons whom it may concern, that the subscriber intends to prefer a petition to the general assembly of Maryland, for an act to empower him to record a deed of bargain and sale from John Stafford, late of Caroline county, to him, bearing date the 10th day of October 1780, for part of a tract of land lying in Caroline county aforesaid, called Robin Hood, containing forty-four acres, which deed he neglected to have entered on the record in time.

w 8 ANDREW GRAY.

Somerset county, March 15, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to petition the general assembly at their next session for an act of assembly to enable him as surviving executor of Aaron Tilghman, deceased, to sell the real estate of the said Aaron for the payment of his debts.

ISAAC MARSHALL.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the executors of James Dick, deceased, intend to make application to the next general assembly for an act to empower them to dispose of Mr. Anthony Stewart's estate, to enable them to pay off his country debts.

By his EXCELLENCY

WILLIAM PACA, Esquire,

GOVERNOR of MARYLAND,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the house of senate stands adjourned to the first Monday in April, and the house of delegates to the first Monday in May next, and affairs of high importance and concern, proper for the consideration of the General Assembly, requiring a meeting as soon as well may be: I HAVE therefore appointed Monday the twenty-first day of April next, for the meeting and holding of the General Assembly of this State, of which the several sheriffs are hereby enjoined to give public and due notice.

GIVEN at Annapolis, this twenty-sixth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and eighty-three, and in the seventh year of our independence.

WILLIAM PACA.

By his Excellency's command,

THOMAS JOHNSON, jun. Secretary.

SO GOD SAVE THE STATE.

By Authority.

At the THEATRE in ANNAPOLIS, on Saturday, April 19, 1783.

BY THE AMERICAN COMPANY of COMEDIANS,

Will be presented a TRAGEDY, called

The GRECIAN DAUGHTER.

EVANDER, Mr. *HEARD*,

DYONISIUS, Mr. Wall; MELANTHON, Mr. Lewis; PHOCION, Mr. Church; ARCAS, Mr. Atherton; GREEK HERALD, Mr. Davids.

PHILOTAS, Mr. *RYAN*.

And the Part of EUPHRASIA, by Mrs. RYAN.

Between the Play and Farce, a COMIC DANCE,

The principal Characters, by Monf. Rouffell, Meffrs. Patterfon, Lewis, Tilyard, Mrs. Elm, Mrs. Potter, and Mrs. Parfons.

To which will be added, An ENTERTAINMENT, called

The LYING VALET.

SHARP, by Mr. *RYAN*.

JUSTICE GUTTLE, Mr. Lewis; BEAU TRIPPET, Mr. Davids; DRUNKEN COOK, Mr. Atherton,

GAYLESS, by Mr. *WALL*,

MELISSA, Mrs. Elm; Mrs. GADABOUT, Mrs. Parfons; Mrs. TRIPPET, Mrs. Potter.

KITTY PRY, Mrs. *RYAN*.

The Doors to be opened at Six, and to begin precisely at Seven o'Clock.

Tickets to be had at Mr. Mann's, at Mr. Middleton's, at the Coffee-house, and at Mr. Faris's, near the Theatre.

BOX, One Dollar. PIT, Five Shillings.

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, March 27, 1783.

Pursuant to an act of assembly passed at the last session, will be exposed to sale, by way of auction, at Baltimore-town, on the 10th day of May next,

SEVERAL thousand acres of land late the property of the Principio company. The land will be surveyed and laid off into convenient farms and seats for gentlemen; the quality of the lands and their contiguity to that flourishing town, from which they are distant but a few miles, render them extremely valuable. One or more persons will attend on the premises, where the Kingsbury furnace stands, for three days before the day of sale, to shew the different lots to any person who may incline to view the same. One third of the purchase money to be paid in thirty days, another third in two years, the remainder in three years. Bond and security will be required on the day of sale.

By order, J. DORSEY, clk.

N. B. A negro fellow, an excellent founder, and his wife, a good house wench, will be sold at the same time and place.

Maryland, Kent county, February 27, 1783.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that the subscribers, together with the heirs of the late James M'Clean, Esq; intend petitioning the next general assembly for the purpose of having his will confirmed.

w 8

JOHN KENNARD,
JAMES PIPER, } executors.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly, at their next sitting, by the executors of Elie Vallette, late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, for a law to enable them to sell his real estate for the payment of his debts.

Baltimore county, February 1783.

THE subscribers give notice, that they intend to petition the general assembly of this state, at the next session, for an act to empower them to sell all the land conveyed by William Butler, deceased, to Robert Christie, formerly sheriff of Baltimore county, on a trust not executed by him, or such part of the said land, as may raise money sufficient to satisfy a debt due on a mortgage of the said land made by the deceased, and afterwards all the creditors of the deceased, according to their respective claims.

w 8

EDWARD STEVENSON,
MARY BUTLER, mother of the deceased,
SARAH BUTLER, widow of the deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given to all whom it doth or may concern, that the subscriber intends to apply to the general assembly to confirm and make valid the will of the late Perry Dawson, deceased, so far as it relates to passeling the real estate of the deceased.

w 8 JAMES DAWSON.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Charles-Street.